

### **Irregularities**

- I. What constitutes an irregularity
- II. Handling and reporting of irregularities
- III. Remedies
- IV. Quiz
- V. Final messages
- VI. Irregularities reporting in IFRs



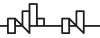
## I.a. Definition of Irregularity

Broad definition of irregularities (Article 12.2 of the Regulation):

An infringement of:

- (a) the legal framework of the EEA/Norwegian FM 2014-2021 referred to in Article 1.5;
- (b) any provision of European Union Law; or
- (c) any provision of the national law of the Beneficiary State,

which affects or prejudices any stage of the implementation of the EEA/Norwegian Financial Mechanism in the Beneficiary State

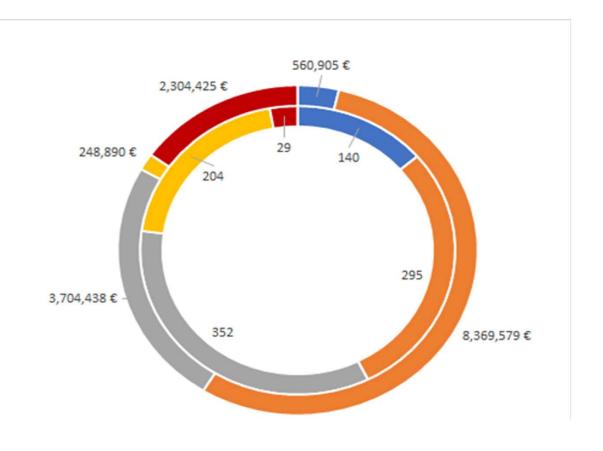


### I.b. Statistics irregularities

#### 09-14 overview

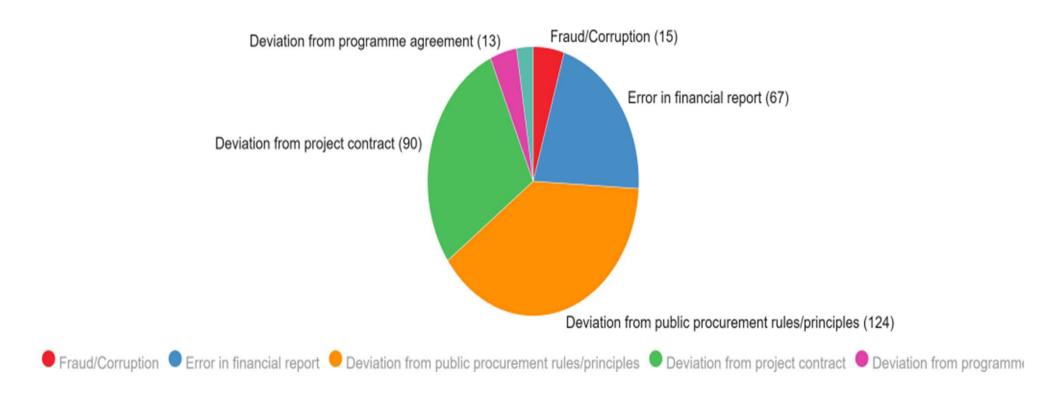


- Deviation from Project Contract
- Deviation from Public Procurement Procedures
- Errors in Payment Claims
- Fraud





# 1.c Statistics irregularities FM 2014-2021





## I.d. Types of irregularities

#### Types of irregularities

Programme, Project, Bilateral Fund or Technical Assistance

- Fraud, corruption, bribery, embezzlement
- Conflict of interest
- Other types of irregularities:
  - breach of public procurement rules
  - errors in payment claims
  - breach of Programme Agreement / project contract
  - breach of the Regulation
  - etc.
- > Where the irregularity is the result of a deliberate act or omission, it is a fraud
- ➤ Most irregularities are a result of mistakes



### II.a. Handling of irregularities

Responsibilities of Programme Operators (Articles 12.1 and 12.3 of the Regulations)

The PO has the overall responsibility for reaching the objectives and implementing the Programmes. The PO must prevent, detect and nullify/remedy/correct any cases of irregularities (Art. 12.1.).

The **PO** is also responsible for the reporting to the national Irregularity Authority of irregularities, their investigations and remedies taken (Article 12.3.3.).

Irregularities Authority: reporting to the FMO; keeping a register of all irregularities.



### II.b. Detection of irregularities

### Mechanisms to identify irregularities

- Monitoring/verification visits, on the spot checks
- Notifications by Project Promoters
- Check of payment claims/progress reports
- Media/general public
- Complaints
- Audits





## II.c Handling and reporting of irregularities

FM 14-21 Reporting to the FMO → Via ...... GrACE !!!

- •Immediate reporting in case of serious irregularities (Art. 12.5.1 of the Regulations)
- •Regular (quarterly) reporting on suspected/actual irregularities (Art. 12.5.2 of the Regulations)
- •Reporting on progress regarding already reported irregularities
  (Art. 12.6 of the Regulations)



### II.d. Immediate reporting

Immediate reporting of all suspected and actual cases of irregularities when any of the following applies:

- they involve allegations of an act or omission which constitutes a **criminal offence** under the national legislation of the Beneficiary State, such **as corruption**, **fraud**, **bribery or embezzlement**; ( > there is no exception)
- they indicate the presence of serious mismanagement affecting the use of the financial contribution from the EEA and Norway Financial Mechanism 2014-2021; or
- they pose an immediate threat to the successful completion of any project due to the amounts in proportion to the total project cost, their gravity or any other reason.





### II.e. Exceptions to reporting of irregularities

(Art. 12.5.3 of the Regulations) - project level irregularities only

- Failure to implement a project, in whole or in part, owing to the bankruptcy of the project promoter
- Detected and corrected in the course of the verification of the expenditure declared
- Below EUR 2000 (NB: Public procurement overall value)

There are no exceptions to reporting at programme level (programme managements costs) nor when it is a serious case that should be reported immediately



### III.a. Remedies

By the BS (suspension of the implementation, suspension of payments, cancellation/termination of projects, reimbursement/recovery of the irregular amounts, financial corrections)

#### By the FMC:

- Suspension of payments (Art. 13.1. of Regulation)
- Financial corrections (Art.13.2. of the Regulation)





### III.b. Remedies

Financial correction \* Article 13.3. of the Regulations

The FMO's corrections can be the result of the legal review, control and audit work done by the FMO if, inter alia, there are:

- ✓ <u>serious deficiencies in the management and control system</u> of a programme which put at risk the financial contribution
- ✓ <u>serious breach of the programme agreement</u>
- ✓ expenditure reported is irregular and has not been corrected-the PO has not complied
  with its obligations to investigate and/or remedy irregularities



### **III.c.Remedies**

Financial correction \* Article 13.3.2. and 13.3.3 of the Regulations

Proportionality is to be considered in the application of a financial correction

- ✓ If the amount is known: this identified amount is corrected
- ✓ If the amount is not known: a flat rate correction applies or extrapolation

In case of procurement related irregularity, the EU COCOF guidelines can be the basis for the flat rate correction

GL corrections pp irregularities EN.pdf (europa.eu)

https://ec.europa.eu/regional policy/sources/docgener/informat/2014/GL corrections pp irregularities annex EN.pdf



### III.d. Remedies

### **Consequences of the financial corrections**

Project level financial corrections (Article 13.2.2 of the Regulations):

- ✓ Funds lost for the project/not to be reused within the
  project (the grant to the project shall be reduced)
- ✓ But can be reused for other projects under the same programme



### III.e. Remedies

#### **Consequences of the financial corrections**

✓ Funds may not be re-used when a financial correction is made for a systemic irregularity, or an irregularity related to the management or control systems within the Programme (Article 13.2.4 of the Regulations)

= Net correction

Systemic irregularities are irregularities, which may be of a recurring nature, that could be due to serious failings in the functioning of the MCS

✓ Funds may be re-used for costs other than those that were subject of the correction for the TA, BF, PO management costs relating financial corrections (Art.13.2. of the Regulations).



### IV. Quiz

1.

You (IA) will have an actual fraud case to report in a programme. The project promoter has used the majority of funds for other purposes than the one agreed in the project contract. The Programme Operator has suspected issues for some months and informed you about. Now you are convinced this is an irregularity. Therefore, you are convinced that you should report it in the next quarterly report.

A) True

b) False (suspected fraud subject to immediate reporting)



### IV. Quiz

The Programme Operator has realised that they had paid twice for the same service from the management costs (double funding under the management costs of the Programme Operator) for an amount of EUR 1,890. However, since the Programme Operator has spotted the error and corrected it before requesting the funds, they understand that they do not need to report this irregularity to the Irregularities Authority as this has been corrected and the amount is so low. The Irregularities Authority agrees.

A) True

b) False (programme level irregularity to be reported by the PO to the IA and by the IA to the FMO in Grace)

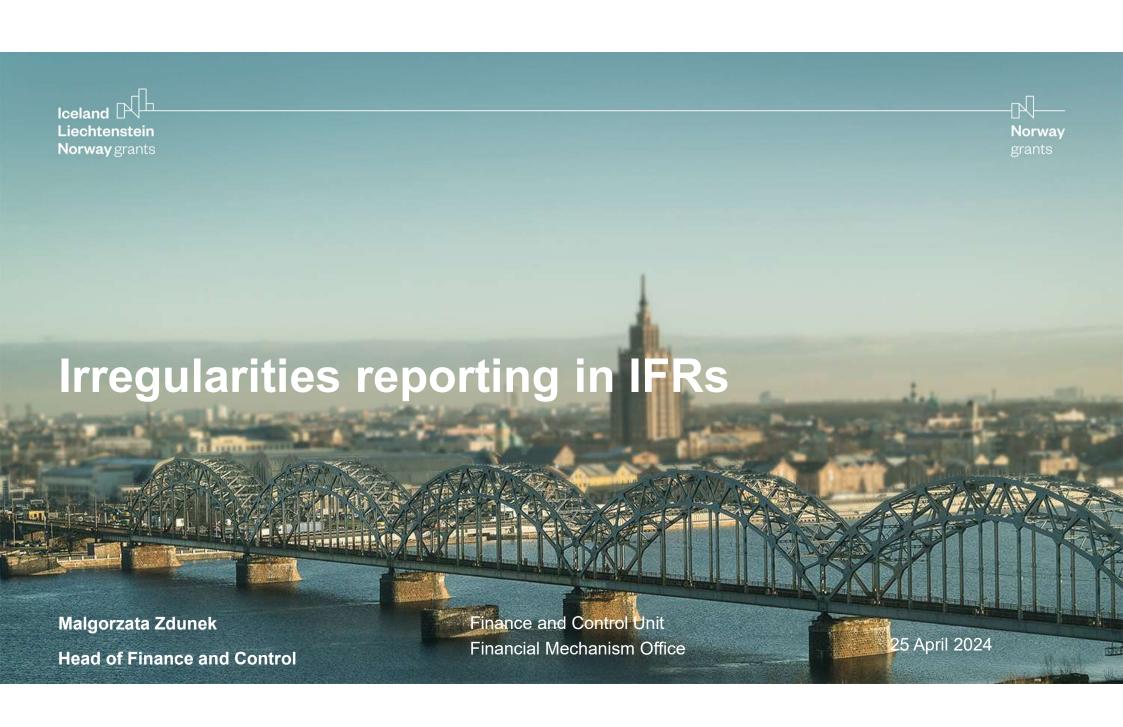


### V. Final messages

Important to provide all necessary information on irregularities

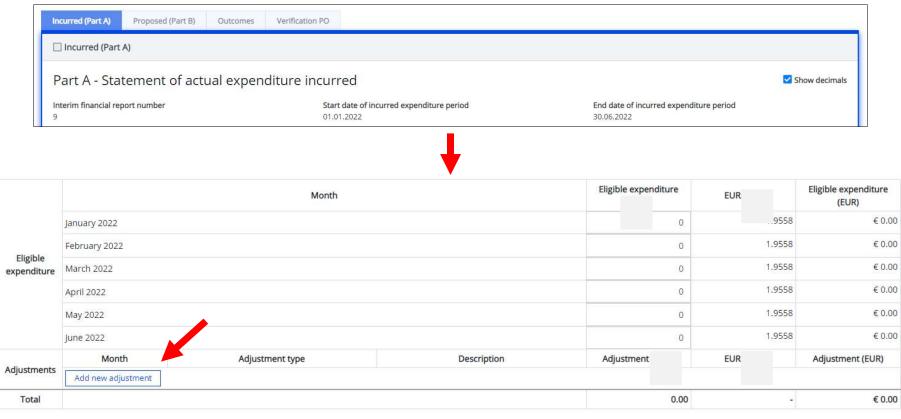
- ✓ Sufficient information regarding the nature and the financial consequences of the irregularity
- ✓ Basis for the suggested correction
- ✓ Amounts in euros: grant part and co-financing
- ✓ The FMO verifies the reports, the level of correction and asks full clarity to the Irregularities Authority before a case can be closed!





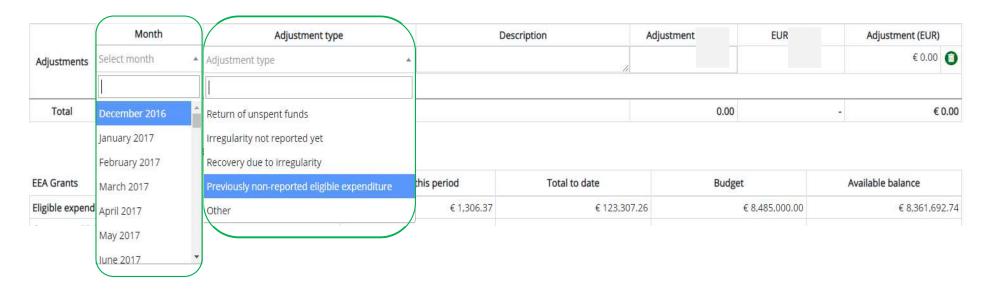
## How to encode an adjustment in Grace?

#### **Usual procedure**





### How to encode an adjustment in Grace?



- option "Previously non-reported eligible expenditure" now also available indicate <u>when</u> did the
  cost occur and <u>why</u> it was not reported before;
- the month of the expenditure now mandatory also for the Beneficiary States using the Euro.



## How to encode an adjustment in Grace?

#### **Types of adjustments**

Return of unspent funds

always negative (-)

Irregularity not reported yet

always negative (-)

Recovery due to irregularity

always negative (-)

Previously non-reported expenditure

always positive (+)

Other

positive (+) or negative (-)

### **Adjustments in the FPR**

### Types of adjustments

• Recovery due to irregularity always negative (-)

• Irregularity not reported yet always negative (-)

• Return of unspent funds always negative (-)

• Recovery due to (partial) non-completion of a project always negative (-)

Previously non-reported expenditure

always positive (+)

• Other positive (+) or negative (-)

### **Adjustments**

Return of unspent funds vs Recovery due to (partial) non-completion of a project

Return of unspent funds



- Recovery due to (partial) non-completion of a project
  - for partially completed and terminated projects that qualify for partial or full reimbursement of their EEA and/or Norway grant



### Effect on reported expenditure

### Example - return of EUR 5,000



| Adjustments | MM/YYYY<br>adjusted | Adjustment type   | Description | Adjustment |        |   |
|-------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------|------------|--------|---|
|             | Select month ▼      | Adjustment type ▼ | ,,          | €          | -5,000 | 0 |
|             | Add new adjustr     | ment              |             |            |        |   |



### 'Other' adjustments

#### When to use - some examples

- Transfers between budget headings e.g. from the NFP to AA heading under the TA
- Transfers between projects wrong project initially selected in the IFR
- Ineligible programme and/or project expenses following the verification
- Various other corrections not fitting under other pre-defined adjustment types





## 'Other' adjustments

When NOT to use – examples showing that PO selected a wrong adjustment type

'Irregularity fully recovered'

use 'Irregularity not reported yet'

or 'Recovery due to irregularity'

'The value of the grant was reduced'

use 'Return of unspent funds'

'Salaries for implementation team,

use 'Return of unspent funds'

requested in excess in IFR#1'

'Return of advance payment due to

withdrawal from the contract'

\_\_\_\_\_

• use 'Return of unspent funds'



### **Examples**

#### Adjustment type and unclear wording

- Reporting period: January June 2020; preparation in July 2020
- IFR: 5
- Adjustment type: 'Other'



- Comment: 'According to Irregularities Authority, it is the case no IR 14. We were forced to select
  "other", because "due to irregularity" did not give any selection for irregularity cases. As to the
  case IR 14 (whole irregular amount EUR 356,08) the irregular amount of EUR 128,43 was excluded
  from IFR3. The irregular amount of EUR 227,65 (regarding costs in IFR2) was offset this period.'
- IR 14 was opened in Grace in January 2021.
- Advice 1: If the adjustment is related to an irregularity which is not yet in the Grace system >>> select the 'Irregularity not reported yet' adjustment type
- Advice 2: Word 'offset' might also mean that the amount was already offset with the eliglible expenditure, and that the adjustment is done on top of the offsetting >>> Avoid ambiguous wording!



### Adjustments – advices

How to avoid wrong type, unclear wording, wrong amount, etc.

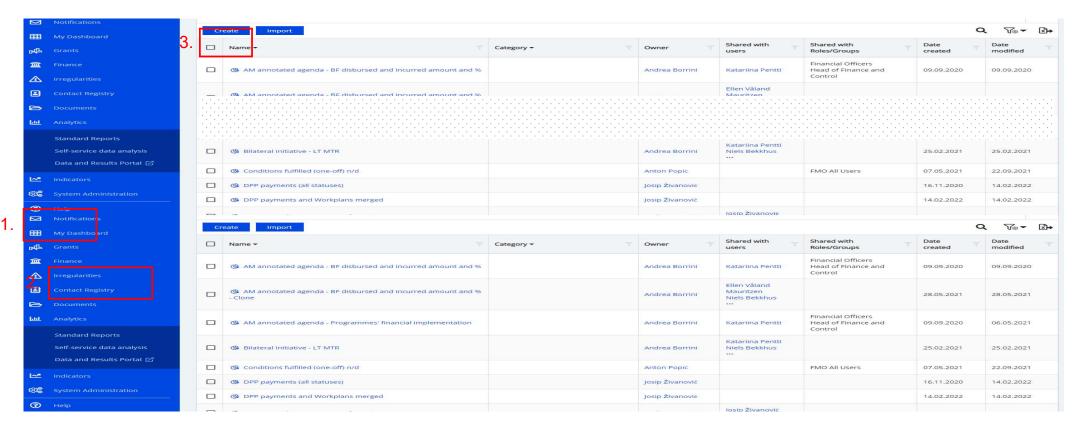
- Ensure that PO's comment is recorded for each adjustment
- Ensure that the type of adjustment matches the comment provided
- Ensure that the comment clearly states why, when, who, how, as necessary
- Ensure that the amount recorded is negative when necessary
- Avoid adjustments with EUR 0 values
- Use Grace SSDA to review or report on your adjustments; i.e., improve quality
- CA comment on adjustments is not necessary if PO's entry is clear and correct





## Adjustments in Grace SSDA

SSDA = Self-service Data Analytics >>> Use Data source: Payment's adjustments





## **Adjustments in Grace SSDA**

### **Examples**

| Programme short name | Total Sum of<br>Adjustment amount<br>total | Total Sum of Adjustment amount (Norway + EEA) | Total Sum of<br>Adjustment amount<br>(co-financing) | Total Max of MM/YYYY adjusted |
|----------------------|--|---|---|-------------------------------|
| GR-ENERGY            | -20,196.99                                 | -15,147.74                                    | -5,049.25   | 01/10/2023                    |
| GR-HOMEAFFAIRS       | 614,181.09                                 | 522,053.92                                    | 92,127.17   | 01/06/2023                    |
| Grand Total          | 593,984.10                                 | 506,906.18                                    | 87,077.92   | 01/10/2023                    |



# **Adjustments in Grace**

#### Eligible expenditures period

January 2023 - June 2023

| Eligible<br>expenditure | Payment to project  |                  |  |  | Eligible expenditure |
|-------------------------|---------------------|------------------|--|--|----------------------|
|                         | GR-HOMEAFFAIRS-0001 |                  |  |  |                      |
|                         | GR-HOMEAFFAIRS-0002 |                  |  |  |                      |
|                         | Payment to project  | MM/YYYY adjusted | Adjustment type                              | Description  | Adjustment           |
| Adjustments             | GR-HOMEAFFAIRS-0002 | May 2023         | Previously non-reported eligible expenditure | Rentals of the RAOs that incurred in previous reference period (01/07-31/12/2022)  | € 33,612.90          |
| , ajasanena             | GR-HOMEAFFAIRS-0001 | June 2023        | Other  | 12.4.3.(b): Case which was detected and corrected by the Programme Operator, in the course of the verification of the expenditure declared within PDP 1. | € -1,098.64          |
| Total                   |                     |                  |  |  | € 176,540.28         |



# **Adjustments in Grace**

January 2023 - June 2023

| Eligible<br>expenditure | Payment to project |                  |                 |  |              |  |  |
|-------------------------|--------------------|------------------|-----------------|--|--------------|--|--|
|                         | GR-ENERGY-0002     |                  |                 |  |              |  |  |
|                         | GR-ENERGY-0003     |                  |                 |  |              |  |  |
|                         | GR-ENERGY-0004     |                  |                 |  |              |  |  |
|                         | GR-ENERGY-0005     |                  |                 |  |              |  |  |
|                         | GR-ENERGY-0007     |                  |                 |  |              |  |  |
|                         | GR-ENERGY-0009     |                  |                 |  |              |  |  |
|                         | GR-ENERGY-0010     |                  |                 |  |              |  |  |
|                         | GR-ENERGY-0011     |                  |                 |  |              |  |  |
|                         | GR-ENERGY-0013     |                  |                 |  |              |  |  |
| Adjustments             | Payment to project | MM/YYYY adjusted | Adjustment type | Description  | Adjustment   |  |  |
|                         | GR-ENERGY-0009     | September 2022   | Other           | Correction that does not concern irregularity. It concerns expenditure of the Project Promoter "Municipal Water Supply-Sewerage Company of Drama" declared in the Statement of Expenditure for Subproject 3, whereas it concerns Subproject 4. | € -6,212.48  |  |  |
| Total                   |                    |                  |                 |  | € 296,712.53 |  |  |

